INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING	3 AUTHORITY	•		
To: BRUCE L. ADAMS ADAMS & WILKS 50 BROADWAY-31ST FLOOR NEW YORK, NY 10004		PCT		
		WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY		
			(PCT Rule 43bis.1)	
		Date of mailing (day/month/year) 28 FEB 2005		
Applicant's or agent's file reference		FOR FURTHER ACTION See paragraph 2 below		
D011-4740(PC International application No.	International filing date	(day/month/year) Priority date (day/month/year)		
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PCT/US04/25849 International Patent Classification	10 August 2004 (10.08. on (IPC) or both national classification	ation and IPC	12 August 2003 (12.08.2003)	
1	F 1/00; B43L 7/00, 9/04, 13/00,		Cl.: 7/158, 164; 33/19.1-19.3, 27.031-	
Applicant				
MCCREESH, RORY				
1. This opinion contains indica	ations relating to the following iter	ns:		
Box No. I Basis of the opinion				
Box No. II Priority				
Box No. III No	Box No. III Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability			
Box No. IV Lac	Box No. IV Lack of unity of invention			
Box No. V Rea	Box No. V Reasoned statement under Rule 43bis.1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement			
Box No. VI Cer	Box No. VI Certain documents cited			
Box No. VII Cer	rtain defects in the international a	l application		
Box No. VIII Cer	Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application			
2. FURTHER ACTION				
International Preliminary E Authority other than this on	Examining Authority ("IPEA") e	except that this does IPEA has notified the	be considered to be a written opinion of the not apply where the applicant chooses an e International Bureau under Rule 66.1 bis (b) dered.	
IPEA a written reply toget	ther, where appropriate, with an	nendments, before th	EA, the applicant is invited to submit to the se expiration of 3 months from the date of prity date, whichever expires later.	
For further options, see For	m PCT/ISA/220.			
3. For further details, see note	s to Form PCT/ISA/220.		201	
Name and mailing address of the	: ISA/ US	Authorized officer Sharon / Dreme pr		
Mail Stop PCT, Attn: ISA Commissioner for Patents		David B. Thomas		
P.O. Box 1450		<i>C</i>		
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450		Telephone No. (571) 272-3700		

Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230
Form PCT/ISA/237 (cover sheet) (January 2004)

From'the

Internation	application No.	 
DCT/LISOA/25	840	

Box No. I Basis of this opinion			
1. With regard to the language, this opinion has been established on the basis of the international application in the language in which it was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.			
This opinion has been established on the basis of a translation from the original language into the following language which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b)).			
2. With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application and necessary to the claimed invention, this opinion has been established on the basis of:			
a. type of material			
a sequence listing			
table(s) related to the sequence listing			
b. format of material			
in written format			
in computer readable form			
c. time of filing/furnishing			
contained in international application as filed.			
filed together with the international application in computer readable form.			
furnished subsequently to this Authority for the purposes of search.			
In addition, in the case that more than one version or copy of a sequence listing and/or table relating thereto has been filed or furnished, the required statements that the information in the subsequent or additional copies is identical to that in the application as filed or does not go beyond the application as filed, as appropriate, were furnished.			
4. Additional comments:			

Form PCT/ISA/237 (Box No. V) (January 2004)

International application No. PCT/US04/25849

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Rule 43 bis.1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement				
1. Statement				
Novelty (N)	Claims	Please See Continuation Sheet		YES
• • •	Claims	Please See Continuation Sheet		_NO
Learning atom (IS)	Claime	Please See Continuation Sheet		YES
Inventive step (IS)		Please See Continuation Sheet		NO
Industrial applicability (IA)		Please See Continuation Sheet		YES NO
	Claims	Please See Continuation Sheet		NO
2. Citations and explanations:				
Please See Continuation Sheet	•			
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Form PCT/ISA/237 (Box No. VII) (January 2004)

International application No.

PCT/US04/25849

Box No. VII Certain defects in the international application			
The following defects in the form or contents of the international application have been noted:			

International application No. PCT/US04/25849

Supp	leme	ntal	Box

In case the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient.

#### V.1. Reasoned Statements:

The opinion as to Novelty was positive (Yes)with respect to claims 6, 10-20, 22-26, 28-30, 32-34, 36, and 37
The opinion as to Novelty was negative (No) with respect to claims 1-5, 7-9, 21, 27, 31, and 35
The opinion as to Inventive Step was positive (Yes)with respect to claims 10, 15, 18, 19, 24, 25, 28, 29, 32, 33, and 36
The opinion as to Inventive Step was negative(NO) with respect to claims 1-9, 11-14, 16, 17, 20-23, 26, 27, 30, 31, 34, 35, 37
The opinion as to Industrial Applicability was positive (YES) with respect to claims 1-37
The opinion as to Industrial Applicability was negative(NO) with respect to claims NONE

#### V. 2. Citations and Explanations:

Claims 1-5 and 21 lack novelty under PCT Article 33(2) as being anticipated by BRAUN (6,286,216). BRAUN discloses a "multi-purpose" tool for making circular cuts, the tool comprising a first member 28 having a first and second portion, a second member 40, where the second member 40 is pivotally and slidably coupled to the first member via a threaded releasable locking member and a boss 50 through an elongate slot 48 in the first member, the second member being adjustable in order to provide arcs of different dimensions (see Fig. 2).

Claims 1-5, 7-9, 21, 27, 31, and 35 lack novelty under PCT Article 33(2) as being anticipated by SILVER (2,557,699). SILVER discloses a multi-purpose hand tool having a first member having a first and a second portion; a second member slidably and pivotally coupled to the second portion of the first member; a coupling assembly; means for pivotally coupling the second member to the first; the coupling means comprising a boss and a releasable locking mechanism, the locking mechanism having a knob with a threaded joint and fastener; the first member including a cutout region to afford sliding movement between the first and the second member; and a retractable needle assembly.

Claim 20 lacks an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over BRAUN. BRAUN teaches (Col. 8, lines 23-34) that the device is preferably made of a plastic material, and further teaches that at least the pressure disc is formed of transparent or at least translucent plastic material, such that a user may be able to see through the disc to the material that the device is used upon, therefore, it would have been obvious, upon the suggestion that "at least the pressure disc is formed of transparent material", to make the entire device of BRAUN of transparent material.

Claims 6, 16, 17, 22, and 23 lack an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over SILVER (2,557,699) in view of WARWICKER (GB 2155406 A). SILVER discloses the invention as claimed, except for the provision of a sharpener and "color coded" measuring scales. WARWICKER discloses a ruler, which inherently includes measuring scales, and teaches among other features, that it would be desirable to provide such device with a pencil sharpener. The examiner notes that claim 17 merely recites the limitation that the measuring scales are "color-coded", which is limiting in the sense that further defines the measuring scale of claim 16, however, "color" is not a structure, and as such the examiner takes official notice that among the art of measuring and indication, the use of color-coded measurement scales is well known. The examiner also respectfully contends that the device of SILVER inherently relies upon some sort of measurement function in the use of the device, although SILVER is not explicit. Furthermore, the examiner considers the device of SILVER and the device of WARWICKER as equivalents in the art, as each device is used for measurement, marking, or as a layout device. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art of measuring and scribing, to have modified the multi-purpose tool of SILVER by providing measuring scales, in order to provide a user of the tool the means to select appropriate positions for the retractable needle assembly prior to use, or in order to assess a measurement after employing the tool, and further providing a pencil sharpener on the tool, such as taught by WARWICKER, wherein the provision of the pencil sharpener serves to provide a convenient means of maintaining a sharp point on a pencil used with the device.

Claims 11-14 lack an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over SILVER (2,557,699) in view of DECKER

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Supplemental Box

In case the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient.

(4,656,744). SILVER discloses the invention as claimed, except for explicitly providing a marking pencil rest. DECKER discloses a scribing tool. DECKER teaches the provision of a slidable marking pencil rest means for the scribing device, the purpose of which is to provide a secure means for maintaining the position of the pencil relative to the scribe during use. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the multi-purpose scribing tool of SILVER by providing a slidable marking pencil rest means on the tool, as DECKER teaches that the provision of a pencil rest on a scribing tool provides an improved arrangement for effecting the accurate marking of irregular contact lines on wall panels and the like.

Claims 20, 26, 30, 34, and 37 lack an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over SILVER (2,557,699) in view of JOHNSON (6,134,796). SILVER discloses the invention as claimed, except for the provision of the first and second members being fabricated from a transparent material. JOHNSON discloses a navigational plotter, the plotter having a plurality of plotter arms rotatably and removably connected to a central hub. The plotter of JOHNSON is similar to the scribing device of SILVER, in that each are used for measuring and marking. JOHNSON teaches that the apparatus may be made of wood, thick transparent material, or other construction. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the scriber of SILVER, by forming the scriber, in part or whole, of a transparent material, wherein the fabrication of a device of a particular material that is desirable for the intended use, in this case a transparent material such that a user may see through the device to the material below the device, would have been within the level of ordinary skill of the artisan, and evidenced by JOHNSON.

Claims 10, 15, 18, 19, 24, 25, 28, 29, 32, 33, and 36 meet the criteria set out in PCT Article 33(2)-(3), because the prior art does not teach or fairly suggest a cavity for receiving the head portion of stem of the finger-engagement portion; gripping means that comprises a plurality of ribs; or a pair of through holes.

Claims 1-37 meet the criteria set out in PCT Article 33(4), and thus have industrial applicability because the subject matter claimed can be made or used in industry.

#### NOTES TO FORM PCT/ISA/220 (continued)

The letter must indicate the differences between the claims as filed and the claims as amended. It must, in particular, indicate, in connection with each claim appearing in the international application (it being understood that identical indications concerning several claims may be grouped), whether

- (i) the claim is unchanged:
- (ii) the claim is cancelled;
- (iii) the claim is new;
- (iv) the claim replaces one or more claims as filed;
- (v) the claim is the result of the division of a claim as filed.

# The following examples illustrate the manner in which amendments must be explained in the accompanying

- [Where onginally there were 48 claims and after amendment of some claims there are 51]:
  "Claims 1 to 29, 31, 32, 34, 35, 37 to 48 replaced by amended claims bearing the same numbers; claims 30, 33 and 36 unchanged; new claims 49 to 51 added."
- 2. [Where originælly there were 15 claims and after amendment of all claims there are 11]: "Claims 1 to 15 replaced by amended claims 1 to 11."
- 3. [Where originally there were 14 claims and the amendments consist in cancelling some claims and in adding new claims]: "Claims 1 to 6 and 14 unchanged; claims 7 to 13 cancelled; new claims 15, 16 and 17 added." or "Claims 7 to 13 cancelled; new claims 15, 16 and 17 added; all other claims unchanged."
- 4. [Where various kinds of amendments are made]:
  "Claims 1-10 unchanged; claims 11 to 13, 18 and 19 cancelled; claims 14, 15 and 16 replaced by amended claim 14; claim 17 subdivided into amended claims 15, 16 and 17; new claims 20 and 21 added."

#### "Statement under Article 19(1)" (Rule 46.4)

The amendments may be accompanied by a statement explaining the amendments and indicating any impact that such amendments might have on the description and the drawings (which cannot be amended under Article 19(1)).

The statement will be published with the international application and the amended claims.

### It must be in the Language in which the international application is to be published.

It must be brief, not exceeding 500 words if in English or if translated into English.

It should not be confused with and does not replace the letter indicating the differences between the claims as filed and as amended. It must be filed on a separate sheet and must be identified as such by a heading, preferably by using the words "Statement under Article 19(1)."

It may not contain any disparaging comments on the international search report or the relevance of citations contained in that report. Reference to citations, relevant to a given claim, contained in the international search report may be made only in connection with an amendment of that claim.

### Consequence if a demand for international preliminary examination has already been filed

If, at the time of filing any amendments and any accompanying statement, under Article 19, a demand for international preliminary examination has already been submitted, the applicant must preferably, at the time of filing the amendments (and any statement) with the International Bureau, also file with the International Preliminary Examining Authority a copy of such amendments (and of any statement) and, where required, a translation of such amendments for the procedure before that Authority (see Rules 55.3(a) and 62.2, first sentence). For further information, see the Notes to the demand form (PCT/IPEA/401).

### Consequence with regard to translation of the international application for entry into the national phase

The applicant's amention is drawn to the fact that, upon entry into the national phase, a translation of the claims as amended under Article 19 may have to be furnished to the designated/elected Offices, instead of, or in addition to, the translation of the claims as filed.

For further details on the requirements of each designated elected Office, see the PCT Applicant's Guide, Volume II.